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1  !SA2-hVecMath16Mod.f95
2  !2025.05.24.2030cdt- Dodecahedron Analysis & other real(16) subroutines.
3
4  !       Author- Jeffrey M. Setterholm, Lakeville,MN 55044 USA
5  !       IP Status- Free source code (e.g.: post copyright)
6  !
7  !       Computer- "T3"/Dell Precision T3500/Intel i5 E5520/win10Pro-21H2
8  !                   ^name ^mfgr.Id           ^chipset      ^OS
9  !                   /Absoft Pro Fortran 21.0.2/GeForce GTX 1050/f90gl~Glut3.7
10 !                   ^compiler ~Fortran 95      ^graphics card ^graphics
11
12 !       f90gl bindings- public domain; see "https://math.nist.gov/f90gl/"
13
14 !Disclaimer:
15 !*****
16 !*****      Individual cognition is always flawed,      *****
17 !*****      including yours and mine.                  *****
18 !*****      - So: -                                     *****
19 !*****      Use this code at your own risk.             *****
20 !*****
21
22 !Table of Contents: ...use to search...
23 !-----
24 !Module hVecMath16Mod
25 ! Module DodecIO
26 ! contains
27 !   Function Sqrj(Valin) Result(ValSqrout)                2025.04.21.1545
28 ! End Module DodecIO
29 !Subroutine DodecModel16(iP)                               2013.10.23.0840
30 !Subroutine SinCos16(AngleD,SinAngle,CosAngle)            2013.10.22.0940
31 !Subroutine ASinD16(Angle,SineAngle,iP)                  2013.10.20.0810
32 !Subroutine ACosD16(Angle,CosineAngle,iP)                2013.10.20.0810
33 !Subroutine hPointPolar16(Ph,aRpyh,PDmag)                 2013.10.17.2210
34 !Subroutine hVnorm16(Vinh,Vouth,Vmag)                    2013.10.17.2210
35 !Subroutine hVecMirror2D16(Vinh,Vmirrorh,Vouth)           2013.10.09.0800
36 !Subroutine hVecMirror3D16(Vinh,Vmirror1h,Vmirror2h,Vouth) 2013.10.09.0800
37 !Subroutine hCross16(Voh,Vilh,Vi2h)                      2013.10.09.1005
38 !Subroutine MantExp16(ValIn16,rMant16,iExp,iP)            2025.04.27.1110
39 !Subroutine Sqrt16a(ValIn,ValSqrOut,iMZP,iP)              Rev.A      2025.04.27.1110
40 !Function Factr1(N)                                       2025.04.21.1510
41 !-----
42 !-----7-9-----
43 !-----
44
45 Module DodecIO      !This is the user interface to the Dodecahedron model.
46 !2013.10.23.0840cdt JMS- Dodecahedron Input/Output Variables
47 !       - DodecIO: Now using "type(DodecRec),save::Dd"
48 !use DodecIO
49 !use DodecIO, only:vNormal,Vertex,iFace,iEdge,Ddwicki,iWikiToSett
50
51 type:: DodecRec ;sequence                                !2013.10.16
52 integer(4)::InitDodec
53 !Wikipedia's Parameters - Theoretical values:
54 real(16) ::EdgeL      !Edge length =(sqrt(5)-1)/sqrt(3) exactly
55                      !~= 0.713644179546179863883939686092_16
56 !For an edge of length 1 Radii:
57 real(16) ::ru          !outer      = (1 + sqrt(5)) *sqrt(3) /4
58 real(16) ::rm          !mid-edge   = ( sqrt(5)      +3      )/4
59 real(16) ::ri          !inner      = (sqrt(sqrt(5)*11/10+5/2))/2
60 real(16) ::P1          !of face vertices= sqrt(ru*ru-ri*ri)
61 !Wikipedia's vertices are on a sphere with radius=sqrt(3):
62 real(16) ::Phi          ! =(1+sqrt(5))/2 exactly = the "Golden Ratio"

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63                                     ! = 1.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
64   real(16)  ::DPhi                  ! ="one divided by Phi"
65                                     !~= 0.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
66   real(16)  ::Ddwicki(4,20)
67   !...the resulting coordinates must be divided by sqrt(3)
68   !...and pitched down:
69   real(16)  ::wickiPitch              !=90-(acosd(rm/ru)+acosd(ri/ru))
70                                     !=-31.71747441146100532421390313982794_16 degrees
71                                     !                                     ...982700 ...playback
72   real(16)  ::EdgeLengthwiki(30) !Edge- lengths- ~= EdgeL ...Yes!
73   real(16)  ::EdgeLErrorRmswiki !                                     - RMS error
74   !...and renumbered as follows:
75   integer(4)::iwikiToSett(20)
76                                     !=(/19,16,4,2,15,7,14,18,13,5,11,3,17,1,9,20,8,12,10,6/)
77   !... to match my model.
78
79   !So, my model parameters:
80                                     !... are theoretically quantified by:
81   real(16)  :: sinV1Ang              != (ri-2*P1)/(ru*sqrt(5))
82   real(16)  ::cosV16Ang              !=      P1 / ru
83   real(16)  :: v1Ang                 !Vertex - #1- Pitch Angle w.r.t. the X-Y plane.
84   !V1Ang    =-10.81231696357170629128494477447353_16 !...Theoretical
85   !V1Ang    =-10.81231696357170629128494477447422_16 !...best fit to date.
86   real(16)  ::v16Ang                !                                     - #16-
87   !V16Ang   =-52.62263185935030435714286150510032_16 !...Theoretical
88   !V16Ang   =-52.62263185935030435714286150501010_16 !...best fit to date.
89   !Indices:
90   integer(4)::iFace(5,12)           !Face - vertex # list (CCW looking out)
91   integer(4)::iEdge(2,30)           !Edge - vertex # list
92   integer(4)::iVertex(3,20)         !vertex - vNormal # list (CCW looking out)
93   integer(4)::iEdgevN(2,30)         !edge - vNormal # list
94   !Computed Vertices & Normals:
95   real(16)  ::Vertex(4,20)          ! vertex vector- (X,Y,Z,1.)
96   real(16)  ::vNormal(4,12)         !Face normal vector- (X,Y,Z,1.)
97   real(16)  ::EdgeLength(30)        !Edge- lengths- ~= EdgeL ...Yes!
98   real(16)  ::EdgeVnDist(30)        !Edge- Distance between vNormal vectors
99   real(16)  ::EdgeLErrorRms         !                                     - RMS error
100  !Nominal number of significant digits for real(16) variables herein:
101  integer(4)::iQuadDigits            !=31 for AbsoftProFortran vsn 9.0 (used here).
102  !Graphics drawing flags:
103  integer(4):: iFaceSee(0:12)=1 !if(iFaceSee(0)=0: set desired face flags=1
104                                     !=(/0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1/) for #1,#6,#11,&#12
105  integer(4)::iVertexSee(0:20)=0 !computed- based on iFaceSee(1:12).
106  integer(4):: iEdgeSee(0:30)=0 !                                     -
107                                     ! ^ (0)=-1: disable labels, (0)=-2: disable lines
108  end type DodecRec ;type(DodecRec),save::Dd !<-for "Dodecahedron"
109  !-----7 9
110  Contains
111  !-----7 9
112
113  Function Sqrj(Valin) Result(ValSqrout) !<-real(16)
114  !2025.04.21.1545cdt JMS- more accurate than intrinsic function sqrt(Valin).
115  !                                     - ~ 30-place accuracy.
116  implicit none                                     !arguments
117  real(16)::ValIn !Input number
118  real(16)::ValSqrout != square root of valin
119  !--                                     !internals
120  integer(4)::iP
121  integer(4) iMZP
122  !-----
123                                     iP = 0
124  call Sqrt16a(ValIn,ValSqrOut,iMZP,iP)
125  End Function Sqrj

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125 End Function Sqrj
126 !-----7 9
127
128 End Module DodecIO
129 !-----
130 !-----7 9
131 !-----
132 !Module hVecMath16Mod
133 !use hVecMath16Mod !2011.04.25
134 !---
135 !Implicit none
136 !---
137 !public :: & !*****
138 !   DodecModel16 & !(iP) *2013.10.18.1910
139 !   , hPointPolar16 & !(Ph,aRpyh,PDmag) *2013.10.17.2210
140 !   , hvnorm16 & !(Vinh,Vouth,Vmag) *2013.10.17.2210
141 !   , hVecMirror2D16 & !(Vinh,Vmirrorh,Vouth) 2013.10.09.0800
142 !   , hVecMirror3D16 & !(Vinh,Vmirror1h,Vmirror2h,Vouth) 2013.10.09.0800
143 !   , SinCos16 & !(AngleD,SinAngle,CosAngle) 2013.10.14.1150
144 !   , ASinD16 & !(Angle,SineAngle,iP) *2013.10.18.1315
145 !   , ACosD16 & !(Angle,CosineAngle,iP) *2013.10.18.1315
146 !   , hCross16 & !(Voh,V1h,V2h) 2013.10.09.1005
147 !   , Sqrt16 & !(ValIn,ValSqrOut,iP) *2013.10.18.1000
148
149 !-----7-9
150
151 Subroutine DodecModel16(iP)
152 !2013.10.22.1950cdt JMS- Graphics drawing flags.
153 !2013.10.20.1405cdt JMS- Using best-fit value of V1Ang & V16Ang
154 !2013.10.16.1815cdt JMS- Dodecahedron - the 12-face Platonic Solid
155 !   which fits inside a sphere of radius=1.0
156 !----- - Reference: wikipedia's article on "Dodecahedron".
157 use DodecIO, only:Dd,Sqrj !,Pi16
158 implicit none
159 !----- Arguments
160 integer(4)::iP
161 !----- Internals
162 !-- Internal use variables
163 integer(4)::i,iDel,iDel2,j,k,L
164 real(16) ::v0=0._16 !0.
165 real(16) ::v1=1._16 !1.
166 real(16) ::Angle !Yaw angle-
167 real(16) ::Ver1(4) !Vertex vector- # 1- used as a template
168 real(16) ::Ver16(4) ! - #16-
169 real(16) ::sY,cY !Yaw - cosine, sine
170 real(16) ::sP,cP !Pitch- cosine, sine
171 real(16) ::vTemp(4) !Temporary vector
172 real(16) ::DdwickiTemp(4,20)
173 real(16) ::Angle1,Angle2
174 integer(4)::iReverse(20)
175 integer(4)::iMZP
176
177 real(16)::Vsqr *2025.04.20
178 real(16)::Pi *2025.04.20
179
180 !----- Dodecahedron initialization - Jeff Setterholm's algorithm:
181 if(Dd%InitDodec.eq.0) then !-----
182   if(iP>5) write(iP, &
183     "('Dodecahedron model initialization: SA2-hVecMath16Mod.f95 @L181+')")
184   !---
185   Dd%iQuadDigits=precision(Dd%EdgeL)
186   !---

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187 Dd%EdgeL =(sqrij(5._16)-1._16)/sqrij(3._16) !Theoretical value.
188 != 0.71364417954617986388393968609217_16
189
190 if(0>1) then !----- Bypasses when (0>1); enters using (1>0)
191   if(ip>5) then !Testing Sqrt(), call sqrt16(), & sqrij()
192     write(ip,"(/,'Testing Absoft's sqrt():'")
193     Vsqr = sqrt(5._16)
194     write(ip,"(e45.35,' :5.-sqrt( 5.)*sqrt( 5.)' )") 5._16-Vsqr*Vsqr
195     !Testing Absoft's sqrt():
196     ! -0.40245584642661924590356647968292230E-15 :5.-sqrt( 5.)*sqrt( 5.)
197     write(ip,"('Testing my sqrt16() subroutine:'")
198     call sqrt16a(5._16,Vsqr,iMZP,0)
199     write(ip,"(e45.35,' :5.-sqrt16(5.)*sqrt16(5.)' )") 5._16-Vsqr*Vsqr
200     !Testing my sqrt16() subroutine:
201     ! 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000E+00 :5.-sqrt16(5.)*sqrt16(5.)
202     write(ip,"('Testing my sqrij() function:'")
203     Vsqr = sqrij(5._16)
204     write(ip,"(e45.35,' :5.-sqrij( 5.)*sqrij( 5.)',/)" ) 5._16-Vsqr*Vsqr
205     !Testing my sqrij() function:
206     ! 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000E+00 :5.-sqrij( 5.)*sqrij( 5.)
207     write(ip,"('Dd%EdgeL = '/f40.35)") Dd%EdgeL
208     endif!(ip>5)
209 endif!(0>1) ----- end bypass -----
210
211
212 Dd%ru= (1._16+sqrij(5._16))*sqrij(3._16)/4._16
213 != 1.40125853844407354467667793532207_16
214 Dd%rm= (sqrij(5._16)+3._16)/4._16
215 != 1.30901699437494742410229341718282_16
216 Dd%ri= (sqrij(sqrij(5._16)*11._16/10._16+5._16/2._16))/2._16
217 != 1.11351636441160673519437503948696_16
218 Dd%P1= sqrij(Dd%ru*Dd%ru-Dd%ri*Dd%ri)
219 !=
220 !-- wikipedia's vertex coordinates:
221 Dd%Phi = (1._16+sqrij(5._16))/2._16
222 != 1.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
223 Dd%dPhi= 1._16/Dd%Phi
224 != 0.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
225 call ACosD16(Angle1,(Dd%rm/Dd%ru),0)
226 call ACosD16(Angle2,(Dd%ri/Dd%ru),0)
227 Dd%wickiPitch=90._16-(Angle1+angle2)
228 !=-31.71747441146100532421390313982794_16
229
230 !Dd%sinV1Ang=( ri-2 * P1)/( ru*sqrt(5 ))
231 Dd%sinV1Ang=(Dd%ri-2._16*Dd%P1)/(Dd%ru*sqrij(5._16))
232 != -0.18759247408507989986013934690761_16
233 call ASinD16(Dd%V1Ang,Dd%sinV1Ang,0)
234 !Dd%V1Ang ==-10.81231696357170629128494477447353_16 !=Pitch ang.v#1 theor.
235 Dd%V1Ang ==-10.81231696357170629128494477447422_16 !...best fit to date.
236 ! -10.81231696357170629128494477447412 !...as reported back
237 ! ^ 32nd place
238 Dd%cosV16Ang=Dd%P1/Dd%ru
239 call ACosD16(Dd%V16Ang,Dd%cosV16Ang,0) ;
240 Dd%V16Ang=-Dd%v16Ang
241 !Dd%V16Ang ==-52.62263185935030435714286150510032_16 !=Pitch ang.v#16 theor.
242 Dd%V16Ang ==-52.62263185935030435714286150501010_16 !...best fit to date.
243 ! -52.62263185935030435714286150500763_16 !...as reported back
244 ! ^ 32nd place
245
246 !-- Index faces vertices, edge vertices, vertex faces, & edge faces:
247 idel =5 ;idel2=0
248 do i=1,5 !Index faces(10 of 12 sets) {-CCW looking out} & all edges(30):

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249      Dd%iFace(1:5,i )=(/i ,i+5,i+10,i+5+iDel ,i+4+iDel /) ! [ 1, 5]
250      Dd%iFace(1:5,i +5)=(/i+5,i ,i+15,i+16-iDel2,i+1-iDel2/) ! [ 6,10]
251      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6-5)= Dd%iFace(1:2,i) !1, 7,13,19,25
252      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6-4)= Dd%iFace(2:3,i) !2, 8,14,20,26
253      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6-3)= Dd%iFace(3:4,i) !3, 9,15,21,27
254      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6-2)=(/Dd%iFace(1,i+5),Dd%iFace(5,i+5)/) !4,10,16,22,28
255      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6-1)=(/Dd%iFace(5,i+5),Dd%iFace(4,i+5)/) !5,11,17,23,29
256      Dd%iEdge(1:2,i*6 )=(/Dd%iFace(4,i+5),Dd%iFace(3,i+5)/) !6,12,18,24,30
257      Dd%iVertex(1:3,i )=(/i ,i+4+iDel ,i+5/) ! [ 1, 5]
258      Dd%iVertex(1:3,i +5)=(/i+5,i+1-iDel2,i /) ! [ 6,10]
259      Dd%iVertex(1:3,i +10)=(/i ,i+1-iDel2, 11/) ! [11,15]
260      Dd%iVertex(1:3,i +15)=(/i+5,i+4+iDel , 12/) ! [16,20]
261
262      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6-5)=(/i ,i+ 5 /) !1, 7,13,19,25
263      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6-4)=(/i ,i+ 1-iDel2/) !2, 8,14,20,26
264      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6-3)=(/i , 11 /) !3, 9,15,21,27
265      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6-2)=(/i+1-iDel2, i+5 /) !4,10,16,22,28
266      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6-1)=(/i+5 , i+6-iDel2/) !5,11,17,23,29
267      Dd%iEdgevN(1:2,i*6 )=(/i+5 , 12 /) !6,12,18,24,30
268      if(i.eq.1) iDel =0
269      if(i.eq.4) iDel2=5
270      enddo!i
271      Dd%iFace( 1:5,11)=(/13,14,15,11,12/) !Face #11-Top
272      Dd%iFace( 1:5,12)=(/19,18,17,16,20/) !Face #12-Bottom
273
274      !-- wikipedia model: -----
275      Dd%iWikiToSett=(/19,16,4,2,15,7,14,18,13,5,11,3,17,1,9,20,8,12,10,6/)
276      L=0
277      do i=-1,1,2 ;do j=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
278      Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,L)=(/i*1._16 ,j*1._16 ,k*1._16 ,1._16/)
279      enddo ;enddo ;enddo
280      do j=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
281      Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,L)=(/ 0._16 ,j*Dd%DPhi,k*Dd%DPhi ,1._16/)
282      enddo ;enddo
283      do i=-1,1,2 ;do j=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
284      Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,L)=(/i*Dd%DPhi,j*Dd%DPhi ,0._16 ,1._16/)
285      enddo ;enddo
286      do i=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
287      Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,L)=(/i*Dd%DPhi , 0._16 ,k*Dd%DPhi ,1._16/)
288      enddo ;enddo
289      !Normalize the vertex vectors:
290      do L=1,20 ;Dd%Ddwicki(1:3,L)=Dd%Ddwicki(1:3,L)/sqrj(3._16) ;enddo!L
291
292      !-- Compute the Edge Lengths for wikipedia's model:
293
294      !Rotate the vertex vectors to the "Setterholm Model" orientation:
295      call SinCos16(Dd%wickiPitch,sp,Cp)
296      do j=1,20 ;L=Dd%iWikiToSett(j) ; iReverse(L)=j
297      vTemph(1)= Dd%Ddwicki(1,L)*cP+Dd%Ddwicki(3,L)*sP
298      vTemph(2)= Dd%Ddwicki(2,L)
299      vTemph(3)=-Dd%Ddwicki(1,L)*sP+Dd%Ddwicki(3,L)*cP
300      DdwickiTemp(1:3,j)=vTemph(1:3)
301      enddo!L
302      !Remap the wickimodel vector indices.
303      Dd%Ddwicki=DdwickiTemp
304
305      !if(ip>5) write(ip, "('Edge length errors @L303:')")
306
307      Dd%EdgeLErrorRmswiki=0._16
308      do i=1,30
309      vTemph= Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,Dd%iEdge(2,i)) &
310      -Dd%Ddwicki(1:4,Dd%iEdge(1,i))

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311      Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i)= ( vTemph(1)*vTemph(1) &
312                             +vTemph(2)*vTemph(2) &
313                             +vTemph(3)*vTemph(3) )
314      Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i)=sqrj(Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i))-Dd%EdgeL
315      Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki=Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki+ Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i) &
316                             *Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i)
317
318      !write(iP,"(i3,f40.35)") i,Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki !/i
319      enddo!i
320      Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki=sqrj(Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki/30._16)
321      !write(iP,"(/3x,f40.35,' Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki')") Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki
322
323
324      Dd%InitDodec=1 ;write(6,"(a1)") char(7) !Beep
325      endif !InitDodec=0 -----
326
327      !-- Update the Graphics drawing flags:
328      !Dd%iFaceSee(0:12)=(/0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1/)
329      Dd%iVertexSee(1:20)=0 ;Dd%iEdgeSee(1:30)=0
330      if(Dd%iFaceSee(0).eq.1) Dd%iFaceSee=1 !Reset
331      do i=1,12 ;if(Dd%iFaceSee(i).eq.0) cycle
332          do j=1,5 ;k=Dd%iFace(j,i) ;Dd%iVertexSee(k)=1 ;enddo!j
333      enddo!i
334      do i=1,30 ;if(Dd%iVertexSee(Dd%iEdge(1,i)).eq.0) cycle
335          if(Dd%iVertexSee(Dd%iEdge(2,i)).eq.0) cycle
336      Dd%iEdgeSee(i)=1
337      enddo!i
338
339      !----- From here on: V1Ang & V16Ang quantify the model...
340      !-- Setup the vertex templates:
341      call SinCos16(Dd%v1Ang ,SP,CP) ;Ver1=(/CP,v0,-SP,v1/) != vertex#1
342      call SinCos16(Dd%v16Ang,SP,CP) ;Ver16=(/CP,v0,-SP,v1/) != vertex#16
343      do i=1,5 !Spin the vertex templates to define all the vertices:
344          Angle=(i-1)*72._16 ;call SinCos16(Angle,sY,cY)
345          Dd%vertex( 1:4,i )=(/ Ver1(1)*cY, Ver1(1)*sY, Ver1(3),v1/) ! 1- 5
346          Dd%vertex(1:4,i+15)=(/Ver16(1)*cY,Ver16(1)*sY, ver16(3),v1/) !16-20
347          Angle=(i-1)*72._16+36._16 ;call SinCos16(Angle,sY,cY)
348          Dd%vertex( 1:4,i+5)=(/ Ver1(1)*cY, Ver1(1)*sY, -ver1(3),v1/) ! 6-10
349          Dd%vertex(1:4,i+10)=(/Ver16(1)*cY,Ver16(1)*sY,-ver16(3),v1/) !11-15
350      enddo!i
351
352      !-- Compute each Face Normal vector by averaging its five vertices:
353      do i=1,12 ;Dd%vNormal(1:4,i)=0._16
354          do j=1,5
355              Dd%vNormal(1:4,i)=Dd%vNormal(1:4,i)+Dd%vertex(1:4,Dd%iFace(j,i))
356          enddo!j
357          Dd%vNormal(1:4,i)=Dd%vNormal(1:4,i)/5._16
358      enddo!i
359
360      !-- Compute the resulting Edge Lengths:
361      Dd%EdgeLErrorRms=0._16
362      do i=1,30
363          vTemph=Dd%vertex(1:4,Dd%iEdge(2,i))-Dd%vertex(1:4,Dd%iEdge(1,i))
364          Dd%EdgeLength(i)= ( vTemph(1)*vTemph(1) &
365                             +vTemph(2)*vTemph(2) &
366                             +vTemph(3)*vTemph(3) )
367          call Sqrt16a(Dd%EdgeLength(i),Dd%EdgeLength(i),iMZP,0)
368          Dd%EdgeLErrorRms=Dd%EdgeLErrorRms+ (Dd%EdgeLength(i)-Dd%EdgeL) &
369                             *(Dd%EdgeLength(i)-Dd%EdgeL)
370      enddo!i
371      Dd%EdgeLErrorRms=sqrj(Dd%EdgeLErrorRms/30._16)
372
373      !----- Report the results:

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373 !----- report the results.
374 if(iP.gt.5) then
375   write(iP,"(/79('//'))")
376   write(iP,"( 'Begin DodecModel16 printout @L374+' )")
377   write(iP,"(/' real(16) precision =',i3,' significant digits')") &
378     Dd%iQuadDigits
379   write(iP,"( ' & tentatively: printouts truncate at 34 places max.' )")
380   write(iP,"(/'ru      =',f40.32)'") Dd%ru
381   write(iP,"(/'rm      =',f40.32)'") Dd%rm
382   write(iP,"(/'ri      =',f40.32)'") Dd%ri
383   write(iP,"(/'P1      =',f40.32)'") Dd%P1
384   write(iP,"(/' sinV1Ang =',f40.32,' -theoretical' )") Dd%sinV1Ang
385   write(iP,"(/' V#1 pitch Ang=',f40.32,' -best-fit value used' )") Dd%V1Ang
386   write(iP,"(/' cosV16Ang =',f40.32,' -theoretical' )") Dd%cosV16Ang
387   write(iP,"(/' V#16 Pitch Ang=',f40.32,' -best-fit value used'/')") Dd%V16Ang
388   write(iP,"(/' Vertices:')")
389   write(iP,"(i2,' =(/',2(f35.31,','),f35.31,'/')')") 1, ver1(1:3)
390   write(iP,"(i2,' =(/',2(f35.31,','),f35.31,'/')')") 16, ver16(1:3)
391   do i=1,20
392     write(iP,"(i2,' =(/',2(f35.31,','),f35.31,'/')')") i,Dd%Vertex(1:3,i)
393   enddo!i
394   write(iP,"(/' Face normals:')")
395   do i=1,12
396     write(iP,"(i2,' =(/',2(f35.31,','),f35.31,'/')')") i,Dd%vNormal(1:3,i)
397   enddo!i
398   !-- Indices & Lengths:
399   write(iP,"(/' CCW looking out CCW looking out' )")
400   write(iP,"(/' Face: VertexIndex Vertex: FaceIndex ',\')")
401   write(iP,"(/' Edge: vNIndex VertexIndex & ComputedEdgeLength' )")
402   do i=1,30
403     if(i.le.12) then
404       write(iP,"(' #',i2,'=( ',4(i2,','),i2,'/'),\')") i,Dd%iFace(1:5,i)
405     else
406       write(iP,"(' ',\')")
407     endif !i<=12
408     if(i.le.20) then
409       write(iP,"(' #',i2,'=( ',2(i2,','),i2,'/'),\')") i,Dd%iVertex(1:3,i)
410     else
411       write(iP,"(' ',\')")
412     endif !i<=20
413     write(iP,"(' #',i2,'=( ',1(i2,','),i2,'/'),\')") i,Dd%iEdgeVn(1:2,i)
414     write(iP,"(' ',\')") Dd%iEdge(1:2,i)
415     write(iP,"(' :',f35.32)'") Dd%EdgeLength(i)
416   enddo!i
417   write(iP,"(/48x,'Theoretical Edge Length=',f37.34)'") Dd%EdgeL
418   write(iP,"(/84x,'1 2 3' )")
419   write(iP,"(/75x,'12345678901234567890123456789012' )")
420   write(iP,"(/79x,'RMS Error=',e13.6,' : ^')") Dd%EdgeLErrorRms
421
422   Dd%EdgeL = (sqrj(5._16)-1._16)/sqrj(3._16) !Theoretical value.
423   != 0.71364417954617986388393968609217_16
424
425   write(iP,"(/' Wikipedia Model:')")
426   write(iP,"(/' Phi =',f40.37)'") Dd%Phi
427   != 1.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
428   write(iP,"(/' dPhi =',f40.37)'") Dd%dPhi
429   != 0.61803398874989484820458683436564_16
430   write(iP,"(/' ...vertex algebraic summary:')")
431   write(iP,"(/' W#: S#: Numeric values:')")
432   L=0
433   do i=-1,1,2 ;do j=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
434     write(iP,"(i3,' =',i3,' =(/',i2,' ',i2,' ',i2,' /')')") &

```

```

435     L,iReverse(L)           ,i           ,j           ,k
436   enddo ;enddo ;enddo
437   do j=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
438     write(iP,"(i3,'=' ,i3,'=(/ ,i2,' ,',i2,'*dPhi,' ,i2,'*phi /)')") &
439     L,iReverse(L)           ,0           ,j           ,k
440   enddo ;enddo
441   do i=-1,1,2 ;do j=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
442     write(iP,"(i3,'=' ,i3,'=(/ ,i2,'*dPhi,' ,i2,'*Phi ,',i2,' /)')") &
443     L,iReverse(L)           ,i           ,j           ,0
444   enddo ;enddo
445   do i=-1,1,2 ;do k=-1,1,2 ;L=L+1
446     write(iP,"(i3,'=' ,i3,'=(/ ,i2,'*Phi ,',i2,' ,',i2,'*dPhi/)')") &
447     L,iReverse(L)           ,i           ,0           ,k
448   enddo ;enddo
449   !write(iP,"( 37x,'RMS Edge Length Errors before rotation=',d13.6)") &
450   ! EdgeLErrorRmsWiki
451   write(iP,"(/'...scale and rotate the model:')")
452   !write(iP,"( 'wickiPitch      =',f40.37)") wickiPitch
453   != -31.71747441146100532421390313982794_16
454   write(iP,"( 'Divide by sqrj(3)=",f40.32)") sqrj(3._16)
455   != -31.71747441146100532421390313982794_16
456   write(iP,"( 'and pitch down by ',f40.32,' degrees.')" ) Dd%wickiPitch
457   != -31.71747441146100532421390313982794_16
458
459   write(iP,"(/'... resulting Wicki-Vertices in Setterholm Model order:')")
460   write(iP,"( 'w#:')")
461   do i=1,20 ;L=Dd%iWikiToSett(i) !=iReverse(i)
462     write(iP,"(i2,'=(/ ,2(f35.31,' ,'),f35.31,'/)')") L,Dd%Ddwicki( 1:3,i)
463   enddo!i
464   write(iP,"( '      Edge#      w1 w2      Length',29x,'Length error')")
465   do i=1,30
466     write(iP,"(9x,'#',i2,'=(/ ,i2,' ,',i2,'/)=' ,f38.34,d13.4)") &
467     i,Dd%iWikiToSett(Dd%iEdge(1:2,i)),Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i)+Dd%EdgeL &
468     ,Dd%EdgeLengthWiki(i)
469   enddo!i
470   write(iP,"(      'Theoretical Edge Length=',f37.34)") Dd%EdgeL
471   write(iP,"( 36x,'1      2      3')")
472   write(iP,"( 27x,'1234567890123456789012345678901234')")
473   write(iP,"( 33x,'RMS Error=',e13.6,' : ^')") Dd%EdgeLErrorRmsWiki
474
475   write(iP,"(/'Graphics drawing flags:' )")
476   write(iP,"( i2,1x,12i1,18x,' : iFaceSee')") Dd%iFaceSee
477   write(iP,"( i2,1x,20i1,10x,' : iVertexSee')") Dd%iVertexSee
478   write(iP,"( i2,1x,30i1 ,', : iEdgeSee')") Dd%iEdgeSee
479   write(iP,"( ' ^      1      2      3')")
480   write(iP,"( ' 0|1234567890123456789012345678901234567890')")
481   write(iP,"(/'End of DodecModel16 printout. @L479')")
482   write(iP,"( 79('')/)/)")
483   endif !iP>5
484   return
485 End Subroutine DodecModel16
486 !-----7 9
487 Subroutine SinCos16(AngleD,SinAngle,CosAngle)
488 !2013.10.22.0940cdt JMS- Using 41! & 40!
489 !2013.10.14.1150cdt JMS- "Improved" DtoR value confirmed!
490 ! - Tested vs. absoft's sinD & cosD in [-720.36,720.36]deg
491 ! in .0036 degree steps. Disagreements all below 1.d-18
492 !2013.10.13.0950cdt JMS- Computes the sine & cosine of an angle
493 ! - result based on QPClosure's testing: 2013.10.13.0950
494 !----- From the web: Pi=3.1415926535897932384626433832795028841971...
495 ! Mine: 29 places: 3.14159265358979323846264338323464000 :Pi
496 ! Hence: DtoR=0.0174532925199432957692369076849049
497 ! Confirmed: SinCos16(30, 16, cv, cv)

```



```

497 ! continued.  SIN COS 16(30._16,SY,CY)
498 !          sY= 0.500000000000000000000000000000456   Accurate to 30 places!
499 !          SinCos16(60._16,sY,cY)
500 !          cY= 0.499999999999999999999999999999088   Accurate to 30 places!
501 !-----
502 implicit none                                     !arguments
503 real(16) ::AngLED    !Input - angle (degrees)
504 real(16) ::SinAngle  !Output-  sine(AngLED)
505 real(16) ::CosAngle  !      - cosine(AngLED)
506 !
507 real(16) ::AngLEDL
508 real(16) ::Dtor
509 real(16) ::AngleR
510 real(16) ::SumNum
511 integer(4)::i,iQ,iQpm,iQuadrant,iQuadrant2
512 real(16)  ::Xsq
513 real(16)  ::SinAngleL
514 !-----
515 !-- Internalize the angle:
516 AngLEDL=AngLED
517 !-- Bound to within [-180.,180.] degrees:
518 if(AngLEDL.gt. 360._16) AngLEDL=AngLEDL-int( AngLEDL/360._16)*360._16
519 if(AngLEDL.le.-360._16) AngLEDL=AngLEDL+int(-AngLEDL/360._16)*360._16
520 if(AngLEDL.gt. 180._16) AngLEDL=AngLEDL-360._16
521 if(AngLEDL.le.-180._16) AngLEDL=AngLEDL+360._16
522 !-- Determine the quadrant
523 iQuadrant=floor(AngLEDL/90._16)
524 select case (iQuadrant)
525 case(-2,2)    ![-180.,-90.)
526   iQuadrant2=-1 ;AngLEDL=AngLEDL+180._16
527 case(-4,-1,0,3,4) ![-90., +90.]
528   iQuadrant2= 0
529 case(-3,1)    !(+90.,+180.)
530   iQuadrant2=+1 ;AngLEDL=AngLEDL-180._16
531 end select !iQuadrant
532 !-- Convert degrees to radians
533 !Dtor = 0.0174532925199432957692_16  !<- Math Handbook@page 12 to 22places
534 !Dtor = 0.017453292519943295769236907685_16  !JMS previous best
535 Dtor = 0.017453292519943295769236907684905_16  !using Pi{40}/180.
536
537 AngleR=AngLEDL*Dtor !Using 28! & 29! ...can the value really be that good?
538 !          !Using 36! & 37!          the results were the same.
539 Xsq=AngleR*AngleR
540 SumNum=0._16 ; iQpm=-1._16 ;
541 do i=41,3,-2 ;iQ=i ;iQpm=-iQpm
542   SumNum=(SumNum+iQpm)*Xsq/(iQ*(iQ-1._16))
543 enddo !i
544 SinAngleL=(SumNum+1._16)*AngleR
545 !-----
546 SumNum=0._16 ; iQpm=-1._16
547 do i=40,2,-2 ;iQ=i ;iQpm=-iQpm
548   SumNum=(SumNum+iQpm)*Xsq/(iQ*(iQ-1._16))
549 enddo !i
550 CosAngle=SumNum+1._16
551 !-----
552 SinAngle=SinAngleL
553 if(iQuadrant2.ne.0) then; SinAngle=-sinAngle; CosAngle=-CosAngle ;endif
554 return
555 End Subroutine SinCos16
556 !-----7 9
557 Subroutine ASinD16(Angle,SineAngle,iP)
558 !2013.10.20.0810cdt JMS- Computes the asin(SineAngle) to ~31 signif. places.

```

```

559 use Dodecio, only:sqrj
560 implicit none
561 real(16) ::Angle      !Output- angle
562 real(16) ::SineAngle !Input - sine of the angle
563 integer(4)::iP
564 !
565 real(16) ::Atemp,sinAtemp,SA,CA
566 integer(4)::i,iRev,iSignval
567 real(8)   ::Dtor=0.017453292519943295769236907684905_16
568 !-----
569 sinAtemp=SineAngle ;iSignval= 1
570 if(sinAtemp.lt.0._16) iSignval=-1
571 sinAtemp=SineAngle *iSignval ;iRev=0
572 if(sinAtemp.gt..7071_16) then ;iRev=1
573 sinAtemp=sqrj(1._16-sinAtemp*sinAtemp)
574 endif !
575 Atemp=dasind(sinAtemp) +.001d0      !getting into the ballpark
576 iRev=0
577 i=0
578 !do i=1,10
579 10 i=i+1
580 Atemp=Atemp-(SA-sinAtemp)/Dtor
581 call SinCos16(Atemp,SA,CA)
582 if(iP.gt.5) write(iP,"(i2,2f40.33      )") i,Atemp,(SA-sinAtemp)/Dtor
583
584 if(i.gt.200) then
585 write( 6,"(i3,2f40.33      )") i,Atemp,(SA-sinAtemp)/Dtor
586 pause &
587 'pause: ASinD16 @L534 didn't converge <1.d-30 error in 200 iterations'
588 goto 20
589 endif!(i.gt.200)
590
591 if(abs(SA-sinAtemp).gt.1.d-30) goto 10
592 !if(abs(SA-sinAtemp).gt.1.d-33) goto 10
593 !enddo!i
594 20 continue
595 select case(iRev)
596 case(0) ;Angle= Atemp *iSignval
597 case(1) ;Angle=(90._16-Atemp)*iSignval
598 end select !iRev
599 return
600 !Test case:
601 !      V1Ang = -10.812316963571706291284944774472 - previous result
602 !sind(V1Ang) = -0.187592474085079899860139346908 - theoretical
603 !      V1Ang = -10.812316963571706291284944774474 - this algorithm
604 End Subroutine ASinD16
605 !-----7 9
606 Subroutine ACosD16(Angle,CosineAngle,iP)
607 !2013.10.20.0810cdt JMS- Computes the acosd(coainwAngle) to ~31 signif. places.
608 ! an Angle in the interval: [0.,+180.] is returned.
609 implicit none
610 real(16) ::Angle      !Output- angle
611 real(16) ::CosineAngle !Input - cosine of the angle
612 integer(4)::iP
613 !
614 real(16) ::Atemp,cosAtemp
615 integer(4)::iSignval
616 !-----
617 cosAtemp=CosineAngle ;iSignval= 1
618 if(cosAtemp.lt.0.) iSignval=-1
619 call ASinD16( Atemp,cosAtemp*iSignval,iP)
620 Atemp= 90._16-Atemp
621 if(iSignval.eq.-1) Atemp=180._16-Atemp

```

```

621      if (isignval.eq.-1) Atemp=100._16-Atemp
622      Angle=Atemp
623      if (iP.gt.5) write(iP,"( f40.33)") Angle
624      return
625      !Test case:
626      !      V16Ang = -52.622631859350304357142861505007 - previous result
627      !cosd(V16Ang)= 0.607061998206686223095391581420 - theoretical
628      !      V16Ang = 52.622631859350304357142861505100 - this algorithm
629      !cosd(V16Ang)= 0.607061998206686223095391581419 ... and its cosine
630 End Subroutine AcosD16
631 !-----7 9
632 Subroutine hPointPolar16(Ph,aRpyh,PDmag)
633 !2013.10.17.2210cdt JMS- Quad precision version
634 !2013.10.01.2155cdt JMS- Expresses a 3D point in FS ~polar coordinates.
635 !-----
636 Implicit none                                !arguments
637 real(16) ::Ph(4)      !Input - Point#1
638 real(16) ::aRpyh(4)   !Output- att.(Roll,Pitch,Yaw)- [degrees]
639 real(16) ::PDmag      !      - Distance to point
640 !----
641 real(16) ::Ptemph(4)
642 !-----
643 Ptemph=Ph
644 call hvnorm16(Ph,Ptemph,PDmag)
645 aRpyh=(/0._16,0._16,0._16,1._16/)
646
647 aRpyh(2)=-dasind(Ptemph(3))      !getting into the ballpar      !?
648 !call ASinD16(aRpyh(2),Ptemph(3),0)      !2025.04.20
649 !aRpyh(2) =aRpyh(2)
650
651 if((Ptemph(1).ne.0._16).or.(Ptemph(2).ne.0._16)) &
652 aRpyh(3)=datan2d(Ptemph(2),Ptemph(1))
653 return
654 End Subroutine hPointPolar16
655 !-----7 9
656 Subroutine hvnorm16(Vinh,Vouth,Vmag)
657 !2013.10.17.2210cdt JMS- Quad precision version
658 !2013.10.03.2315cdt JMS- Normalizes a homogeneous vector: Vouth=norm(Vinh)
659 use Dodecio, only:sqrj
660 implicit none                                !arguments
661 real(16) ::Vinh(4)      !Vector- input- #1
662 real(16) ::Vouth(4)     !      - #2
663 real(16) ::Vmag          !      - Dot product = v1h .dot. v2h
664 !----
665 real(16) ::TempH(4)      !Isolates DotP from v1h() & v2h().
666 real(16) ::TempMag
667 !-----
668 TempH=Vinh
669 if(Vinh(4).ne.0._16) TempH=TempH/Vinh(4)
670 TempMag=TempH(1)*TempH(1)+TempH(2)*TempH(2)+TempH(3)*TempH(3)
671 if(TempMag.gt.0._16) then
672 Vouth(1:3)=TempH(1:3)/sqrj(TempMag) ;Vouth(4)=1._16 ;Vmag=sqrj(TempMag)
673 else
674 Vouth=0._16 ;Vmag=0._16
675 endif !TempMag>0
676 return
677 End Subroutine hvnorm16
678 !-----7 9
679 Subroutine hVecMirror2D16(Vinh,Vmirrorh,Vouth)
680 !2013.10.09.0800cdt JMS- Mirrors one vector across another
681 !      without using trig functions.
682 implicit none                                !arguments

```

```

683 real(16) ::Vouth(4) !Output- vector (X,Y,Z)
684 real(16) ::Vmirrorh(4)!Input - mirror vector
685 real(16) ::Vinh(4) ! - vector
686 ! !internals
687 real(16) ::DotIn
688 real(16) ::VmirrorMagSq
689 real(16) ::ScaleFactor
690 real(16) ::vTemph(4)
691 !-----
692 DotIn=          Vinh(1)*Vmirrorh(1) &
693          +Vinh(2)*Vmirrorh(2) &
694          +Vinh(3)*Vmirrorh(3) &
695 VmirrorMagSq= Vmirrorh(1)*Vmirrorh(1) &
696          +Vmirrorh(2)*Vmirrorh(2) &
697          +Vmirrorh(3)*Vmirrorh(3) &
698          ScaleFactor=2._16*DotIn/VmirrorMagSq
699 vTemph(1:3)=Vmirrorh(1:3)*ScaleFactor-Vinh(1:3)
700 vTemph( 4 )=          Vinh( 4 )
701 Vouth      =vTemph
702 return
703 End Subroutine hVecMirror2D16
704 !-----7 9
705 Subroutine hVecMirror3D16(Vinh,Vmirror1h,Vmirror2h,Vouth)
706 !2013.10.14.0930cdt JMS- Remirroring back errors are tiny... ~< 1.d-29
707 !2013.10.09.0800cdt JMS- Mirrors one vector across two other vectors
708 ! without using trig functions.
709 implicit none
710 real(16) ::Vouth(4) !Output- vector (X,Y,Z)
711 real(16) ::Vmirror1h(4)!Input - mirror vector- #1
712 real(16) ::Vmirror2h(4)! - #2
713 real(16) ::Vinh(4) ! - vector
714 ! !internals
715 real(16) ::Vcrossh(4)
716 real(16) ::Vinh2(4)
717 !-----
718 call hCross16(Vcrossh,Vmirror1h,Vmirror2h)
719 call hVecMirror2D16(Vinh,Vcrossh,Vinh2)
720 vouth(1:3)=-Vinh2(1:3)
721 vouth( 4 )= Vinh2( 4 )
722 return
723 End Subroutine hVecMirror3D16
724 !-----7 9
725 Subroutine hCross16(voh,vilh,vi2h)
726 !2013.10.09.1005cdt JMS- Cross product of v1h & v2h
727 implicit none
728 real(16) ::vilh(4) !Input vector
729 real(16) ::vi2h(4) !Input vector
730 real(16) ::voh(4) !voh = vilh x vi2h
731 !-- !internals
732 real(16) ::Temph(4)
733 !-----
734 Temph(1)=vilh(2)*vi2h(3)-vilh(3)*vi2h(2)
735 Temph(2)=vilh(3)*vi2h(1)-vilh(1)*vi2h(3)
736 Temph(3)=vilh(1)*vi2h(2)-vilh(2)*vi2h(1)
737 Temph(4)=vilh(4)*vi2h(4)
738 voh=Temph
739 return
740 End Subroutine hCross16
741 !-----7 9
742 Subroutine MantExp16(ValIn16,rMant16,iExp,iP)
743 !2025.04.27.1110cdt JMS- Mantissa and Exponent of a ValIn16
744 implicit none !arguments

```

```

745 real(16) ::ValIn16      ! Input- value
746 real(16) ::rMant16      !Mantissa
747 integer(4)::iExp        !Exponent
748 integer(4)::iP
749 !--                      !internals
750 real(16) ::valu
751 character(60)::c60
752 character(45)::c45
753 !-----
754 valu = ValIn16
755 if(valu>0._16) then
756   write(c60,"(e45.35, ' :valTemp')") ) valu
757   write(c45,"(a39,'E+00' )" ) c60(1:39)
758   read( c45,"(e45.35 )" ) rMant16
759   read(c60(42:45),"(i4 )",err=25) iExp
760   goto 26
761 25 read(c60(43:45),"(i3 )" ) iExp
762 26 continue
763 else
764   rMant16 = 0._16
765   iExp = 0
766 endif!(valu>0._16)
767
768 if(iP>5) then
769   write( iP,"(e45.35 , ' mantissa and exponent:')") valu
770   write( iP,"(e45.35 , ' :mantissa')" ) rMant16
771   write( iP,"(41x,SP,i4,' :',13x, 'exponent')" ) iExp
772   write( iP,"(' 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345')")
773   write( iP,"(' 1 2 3')")
774 endif!(iP>5)
775 !-----
776 return
777 End Subroutine MantExp16
778 ! 1 2 3 4 5 6
779 !123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
780 ! 0.25000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000E+01 mantissa and exponent:
781 ! 0.25000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000E+00 :mantissa
782 ! +1 : exponent
783 !-----7 9
784
785 Subroutine Sqrt16a(ValIn,ValSqrOut,iMZP,iP) !Rev A - 4 arguments.
786 !2025.04.27.0830cdt JMS- ValSqrOut = sqrt(ValIn) APF21.0.2: has errors.
787 ! (Perhaps a hardware issue.)
788 !2013.10.22.0940cdt JMS- This routine isn't needed. APF9.0's : sqrt() is fine!
789 !2013.10.20.1655cdt JMS- Iteratively computes a real(16) square root.
790
791 !The operating domain of the mantissa algorithm is [.1 -to- 10.]
792 !Odd-order exponents are made even in Iteration i = 1 by:
793 ! 1. multiplying the mantissa by 10._16, and then
794 ! 2. subtracting one from the exponent.
795 ! 3. Setting Y(1) = sqrt(10._16) ... which brings
796 ! the iterative domain into [.1 -to- 1.] which is well-behaved.
797 !The even-order exponent is divided by 2.
798
799 implicit none                      !arguments
800 real(16) ::ValIn      ! Input- value
801 real(16) ::ValSqrOut  ! = sqrt(abs(ValIn))
802 integer(4)::iMZP      ! "Minus,Zero, or Plus = {-1,0,+1} =-1:imaginary
803 ! & ValIn=(ValSqrOut*ValSqrOut)*iMZP
804 integer(4)::iP
805 !--                      !internals
806 real(16) ::valu

```

```

807  real(16)  ::rMantissa
808  integer(4)::iExponent
809
810
811  real(16)  ::VL,VsqrL,VerrL
812  integer(4)::i
813
814  real(16)  ::X(0:9)
815  real(16)  ::Y(0:9),Yout
816  integer(4)::Init
817  character(45)::c45
818  real(16)  ::Sqrt10
819  !-----
820  if(iP>5) write(iP,"(/'sqrt16(): valin =')")  !/2x,e43.35)") VaLin
821  if(      valIn< 0._16) then; Valu      = -Valin; iMZIP = -1
822  elseif(valIn==0._16) then; ValSqrOut = 0._16; iMZIP = 0      ;return
823  else      ; Valu      = Valin; iMZIP = +1
824  endif! (valIn< 0._16)
825  call MantExp16(Valu,rMantissa,iExponent,iP)
826  !--Mantissa computation:
827      X(0) = rMantissa
828  if(iP.gt.5) write(iP,"( '      iMZIP =',i3      )") iMZIP
829  if(iP.gt.5) write(iP,"( 'Mantissa:')")
830  Yout = 1._16
831  do i = 1, 9;      X(i) = X(i-1)
832      Y(i) = (((X(i)- 5._16)* X(i)+15._16)* X(i)+ 5._16)/16._16 ! "key ops !"
833      if(i==1) then !Accomodatint odd exponents:
834          if(mod(iExponent,2).ne.0) then
835              Sqrt10 = 3.1622776601683793319988935444327_16
836              Y(i) = Sqrt10
837              iExponent = iExponent-1
838              X(0) = X(0)*Sqrt10*Sqrt10
839          endif! (mod(iExponent,2).ne.0)
840      endif!(i==1)
841      if(iP>5) write(iP,"(i3,2f36.32, ' :i X('i1,') -> Y('i1,')')") &
842          i,X(i-1),Y(i),i-1,i
843          X(i) = X(i-1)/(Y(i)*Y(i))
844      Yout = Yout*Y(i)
845      if(X(0)-Yout*Yout == 0._16) exit
846      if(Y(i) == 1._16) exit
847  enddo!i
848  if(iP>5) then
849      write(iP, &
850      "(7x,'Computed Mantissa X value:',10x,'Computed Mantissa Y value:')")
851      write(iP,"( i3,2f36.32, ' :i X -> Y ')")-1,X(0),Yout
852      write(iP,"( 3x, f36.32,37x,': X(0)')") X(0)
853      write(iP,"( '      12345678901234567890123456789012')")
854      write(iP,"( '      1      2      3')")
855      write(iP,"( 9x,e30.20,7x, ':Mantissa internal x value discrepancy')")
856      X(0)-Yout*Yout
857  endif!(iP>5)
858  !--Exponent computation:
859  iExponent = iExponent/2
860  !--Conversion to text:
861  if(abs(iExponent) <100) write(c45,"(f40.35,'E',SP,i3.2)") Yout,iExponent
862  if(abs(iExponent)>=100) write(c45,"(f40.35,      SP,i4.3)") Yout,iExponent
863  !--Conversion to real(16) result:
864  read(c45,"(e45.35)") ValSqrOut
865  if(iP>5) write(iP,"(e45.35,' :ValSqrOut')") ValSqrOut
866  if(iP>5) write(iP,"(i5,40x,' :iMZIP {Minus,Zero, or Plus}')") iMZIP
867  if(iMZIP== -1) write(iP, &
868  "( '      ***The square root is an imaginary number.***')")

```

```

869      call SaveOutFile
870
871 End Subroutine Sqrt16a
872
873 !Polynomial coefficients C : 3rd order ...these are exact!
874 !1      0.31250000000000000000000000000000 *x^0
875 !2      0.93750000000000000000000000000000 *x^1
876 !3     -0.31250000000000000000000000000000 *x^2
877 !4      0.06250000000000000000000000000000 *x^3
878 !Y(0) = (((X(0)-5._16)*x(0)+15._16)*x(0)+5._16)/16._16
879
880 ! real(16) ::xval(-9:18) & !These are mantissa testcase values of ValIn.
881 !    =(/.1_16,.2_16,.3_16,.4_16,.5_16,.6_16,.7_16,.8_16,.9_16,1._16 &
882 !       ,1.1_16,1.2_16,1.3_16,1.4_16,1.5_16,1.6_16,1.7_16,1.8_16,1.9_16 &
883 !       ,2.0_16,3.0_16,4.0_16,5.0_16,6.0_16,7.0_16,8.0_16,9.0_16, 10._16 /)
884 !Mantissa processing:
885 ! i      Y(1)*Y(1)-X(0)=one-iteration error X(0) For:
886 ! -9      0.062560160156250000000000000000000 0.1 even order exponents:
887 ! -8      0.038144000000000000000000000000000 0.2
888 ! -7      0.021843472656250000000000000000000 0.3
889 ! -6      0.011522249999999999999999999999999 0.4
890 ! -5      0.005432128906250000000000000000000 0.5
891 ! -4      0.002176000000000000000000000000000 0.6
892 ! -3      0.000673628906250000000000000000000 0.7
893 ! -2      0.000130250000000000000000000000000 0.8
894 ! -1      0.000007972656249999999999999999999 0.9
895 ! 0       0.000000000000000000000000000000000 1.0
896 !         1          2          3
897 !        12345678901234567890123456789012
898 !
899 ! 1       0.000007660156249999999999999999999 1.1 odd order exponents:
900 ! 2       0.000120249999999999999999999999999 1.2 forced to even order
901 ! 3       0.000597691406250000000000000000000 1.3 in the 1st iteration
902 ! 4       0.001856000000000000000000000000000 1.4 by Y(1) = sqrt(10)
903 ! 5       0.004455566406250000000000000000000 1.5
904 ! 6       0.009092249999999999999999999999999 1.6
905 ! 7       0.016591285156249999999999999999999 1.7
906 ! 8       0.027903999999999999999999999999999 1.8
907 ! 9       0.0441073476562500000000000000000 1.9
908 ! 10      0.0664062500000000000000000000000 2.0
909
910 !           3rd-order correction errors for X(0)>2. :
911 ! 11      1.0000000000000000000000000000000 3.0
912 ! 12      5.3789062500000000000000000000000 4.0
913 ! 13     20.0000000000000000000000000000000 5.0
914 ! 14     61.0351562500000000000000000000000 6.0
915 ! 15    162.0000000000000000000000000000000 7.0
916 ! 16    384.53515625000000000000000000000 8.0
917 ! 17   831.99999999999999999999999999999 9.0
918 ! 18  1665.87890625000000000000000000000 10.0
919 !-----
920
921 !Polynomial coefficients C : 5th order
922 !1      0.2460937500000000000000000000000 1 *x^0
923 !2      1.2304687500000000000000000000000 2 *x^1
924 !3     -0.8203125000000000000000000000000 3 *x^2
925 !4      0.4921875000000000000000000000000 4 *x^3
926 !5     -0.1757812500000000000000000000000 5 *x^4
927 !6      0.0273437500000000000000000000000 6 *x^5
928
929 !Y = ((((( +0.0273437500_16 *x &
930 !      (-0.1757812500_16) *x &

```

```

931 !          +0.4921875000_16) *X &
932 !          -0.8203125000_16) *X &
933 !          +1.2304687500_16) *X &
934 !          +0.2460937500_16)
935
936 !   i          Y(1)*Y(1)-X(0)=one-iteration error      X(0)
937 !  -9          0.04255049171447753906250000000000      0.1
938 !convergence is rapid at 3rd order - hence little improvement:
939 !-----
940 !Polynomial coefficients C : 6th order
941 !1          0.2255859374999999999999999999999999 *x^0
942 !2          1.353515625000000000000000000000000001 *x^1
943 !3          -1.127929687500000000000000000000000000 *x^2
944 !4          0.902343750000000000000000000000000000 *x^3
945 !5          -0.483398437500000000000000000000000000 *x^4
946 !6          0.150390625000000000000000000000000000 *x^5
947 !7          -0.020507812500000000000000000000000000 *x^6
948
949 !   i          Y(1)*Y(1)-X(0)=one-iteration error      X(0)
950 !  -9          0.02285984717863880252838134765624      0.1
951 !convergence is rapid at 3rd order - hence little improvement:
952 !-----7 9
953
954 Function Factrl(N) Result(Out) !<-integer(8)
955 !2024.07.30.1135cdt JMS- Factorial Computation using a function.
956 !          13!=6,227,020,800 > integer(4)
957 !          20!=2.432902008e18 < integer(8) is the upper limit.
958 implicit none !arguments
959   integer(4)::N
960   integer(8)::Out
961   !-- !internals
962   integer(4)::i
963   !-----
964
965   if(N.ge.0) goto 5
966   stop 'Factorl: N < 0 '
967 5 Out=1_8; if(N.lt.2) return
968   do i=2,N; Out=Out*i; end do; return
969 End Function Factrl
970 !Used in a print statement:
971 ! integer(8)::Factrl
972 ! !Test of function Factrl(): 2024.07.30:
973 !   if(iP>5) write(iP,"('Factrl(13) =',i20)") Factrl(13) <--
974 !          Factrl(13) = 6227020800
975
976 !2025.04.21.1450cdt JMS- Fortran real(16)'s have ~ a 102-bit mantissa;
977 !          hence 2^102 = 5.070602401e30 < 29!
978 !          would be the upper limit of mantissa-exact factorials
979 !          without more clever coding.
980 !          69! = 1.711224524e98
981 !-----7 9
982
983 !End Module hVecMath16Mod
984 !-----7 9
985
986

```